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Nature's unappreciated rock wonders

Sandstones and Pleistocene conglomerates exist in the Plain as strong morphological points of interest, which are valuable due to their educational and geotouristic qualities. They are situated in numerous places in Poland and its neighbouring countries. Their particularly large concentrations can be found in fluvio-glacial deposits of the Vistulian and the Warta Glaciations. Sandstones create diverse morphological forms, such as blocks, columns, horizontal layers, as well as mixed forms. Oftentimes, caves occur within those formations, reaching as far as a dozen or so meters. There are a number of hypotheses regarding the origin of these formations and the mechanism of their transformation. They were created through carbonate lithification of sands and gravels. Most of these rocks were created at the turn of the late Vistulian and the Holocene. However, there are certainly forms which were created earlier.